

Physiological Dynamics in Animals & Plants – Lectures 1 & 2 – Plant Form and Function

- I. Higher land plants probably evolved from the green algae (Charophytes).
 - A. The geological time scale – a review
- II. A variety of physiological adaptations allowed plants to colonize land.
 - A. Plants had to develop adaptations to survive in the soil-plant-atmosphere continuum.
 - B. Some adaptations were structural, some were chemical, most affected reproductive function.
- III. Ontogeny recapitulates phylogeny in plants as well as animals – in plants, adaptation was accomplished by the evolution of structures that opened new opportunities for plants to live on dry land.
 - A. Subterranean organs – e.g. roots
 - B. Aerial organs – e.g. stems, leaves, flowers
 - C. Vasculature and the siphonous body plan
 - D. A cuticle and stomata
- IV. Chemical adaptations – secondary plant products
 - A. Waxes of the cuticle
 - B. Herbivory deterrents, e.g. cardiac glycosides like ouabain
 - C. Lignin in woody plants
 - D. Sporopollenin

- V. Reproductive adaptations
 - A. Spores, gametangia, embryos, and alternation of generations
 - B. Heterosporosity
 - C. Seeds – embryos packaged in a store of food with a protective covering to prevent them from drying out.
 - 1. Gymnosperms = naked seeds – seeds are not enclosed in specialized chambers
 - 2. Angiosperms (flowering plants) – seeds develop in protective chambers called ovaries
- VI. Four most important reproductive adaptations in development of land plants
 - A. Reduction of the gametophyte so that it is contained within the sporophyte
 - B. Seeds as resistant means of dispersing embryos
 - C. Pollen for dispersing gametes
 - D. Flowers of angiosperms
- VII. Animals and plants have shaped each others' evolution
 - A. Coevolution of angiosperms and their pollinators
 - B. Agriculture: food, fiber, medications, perfumes, decoration
 - C. Transformation of the atmosphere and the climate by plants
- VIII. Plant biodiversity is threatened as 50,000,000 acres of rain forest are cleared each year.

